

## Nature Reserves (NRs) of Raja Ampat

Compiled from:

- Petocz, R.G. and G.P. Raspado. 1989. Conservation and development in Irian Jaya: A strategy for rational resource utilization. pp: 52-54. Brill Publishers. Leiden, Netherlands.
- Marshall, A.J. and B.M. Beehler (eds.). 2007. Ecology of Indonesian Papua. Periplus Editions Ltd. Hong Kong. Singapore.

Name	Area (km <sup>2</sup> )	Conservation and tourism value
West (Barat) Waigeo	1,530	This site consists of mangroves, swamp forest, swamp brush, brush, lowland to hill forests from sea level all the way to Mt. Abaipap's peak at 724 m. It is an important area for the island's four endemic birds: Waigeo Brushturkey, Red and Wilson's Birds of Paradise, and Raja Ampat Pitohui, the endemic marsupial Waigeo Cuscus, as well as Striped Possum, several bats, and Golden Speckled Tree Monitor.
East (Timur) Waigeo	1,195	This site consists of mangroves, swamp forest, brush, and lowland and hill forests from sea level all the way to Sau Lal at 1,026 m.. An important area for the same vertebrates above.
West (Barat) Batanta	100	The site consists of mangroves, lowland evergreen, and hilly tropical forests from sea level to 1,153 m. It is an important area for the island's three endemic birds: Red and Wilson's Birds of Paradise and Raja Ampat Pitohui. Other vertebrates include the Northern Cassowary, pheasant pigeon, rufous-bellied kookaburra, cuscuses, flying foxes, Batanta Wrinkled Ground frog, narrow-mouthed frogs, Blue Tree Monitor, and Zugi's Bow-fingered Gecko.
North (Utara) Salawati	678	The site consists of mangroves, swamp forests, brush, lowland and hilly tropical forests from sea level to 820 m. It is an important area for the Western Long-beaked Echidna (if still present), three lovely birds of paradise (Twelve-wired, King, and Magnificent), Northern Cassowary, Lowland Ringtail, several bats, and narrow-mouthed frogs.
South (Selatan) Misool	1,119	The site consists of mangroves, swamp forests, brush, and lowland tropical forests. It is an important area for King Bird of Paradise and Lesser Bird of Paradise, Long-nosed Bandicoot, the endangered Black-bearded Flying-fox, narrow-mouthed frogs, and Reisinger's Tree Monitor.
Kofiau	72	The site consists of lowland tropical forests. It is an important area for two endemic birds: Kofiau Paradise-Kingfisher and Kofiau Monarch, as well as the near endemic Moluccan Flying-fox.
<b>Total area</b>	<b>4,694</b>	